Getting to know Chilliwack's Species at Risk

Species at risk profile: Northern Red-legged Frog, Rana aurora

What it looks like:

A medium-sized frog (up to 10 cm) with skin ridges down its back, dark eye mask, and long legs with red undersides. Its skin colour can range from tan, olive and grey to reddish-brown. Click here for more identification details.

Where it lives:

Found in moist forested areas with shallow aquatic breeding areas such as ponds, slow moving streams, or marshes nearby. <u>Visit this map for location details.</u>

What it eats:

Is an opportunistic predator that feeds on a variety of insects mostly on land, but also in the water.

What are its main threats in the Fraser Valley?

Habitat loss and introduction of invasive species, such as the American Bullfrog.

Did you know?

- It will return to the same breeding area each year using the same path.
- Vocalizes underwater to attract a mate.
- Click here for more facts.

How you can help:

Frogs migrate from the forest to lay their <u>eggs</u> in shallow water in early spring. Avoid disturbing these aquatic habitats until the tadpoles have emerged as frogs in the summer.

Check out this guide for Northern Red-legged Frog land management recommendations.

Join the Nature Stewards program for personalized property advice.

Spot a Red-legged Frog? – take a photo, record the location, and send it to outreach@fraservalleyconservancy.ca.

For any questions about this or other species at risk, contact the Fraser Valley Conservancy.